Mr. Aitken Washington State History

• Lewis & Clark Expedition



Louisiana Purchase

• In 1803, President Jefferson bought the *Louisiana Purchase* from France.

Louisiana Purchase

- Napoleon was involved in a very costly war in Europe.
- Not very interested in American colonies.
- Needed cash for his wars.



Louisiana Purchase

- Thomas Jefferson bought the land for \$15 million (less than 3¢ an acre).
- The Louisiana Purchase roughly doubled the size of the U.S. at that time.





Louisiana Purchase

- Jefferson did not know exactly what he bought.
- No accurate maps.
- Still hoped for route to a *Northwest Passage*.







Lewis & Clark



Meriweather Lewis



William Clark



- Lewis was an army captain, and Jefferson's secretary. Jefferson hired Lewis to lead the expedition.
- Clark was also an army captain, and Lewis's close friend. Lewis chose Clark to be 2nd in command.

Expedition Goals

- Primary Goals:
 - Explore and Map the Louisiana Purchase.
 - Find a water route to the Pacific (the "Northwest Passage").
 - Establish claim to territory before England or other Europeans try to claim it.

Expedition Goals

- Secondary Goals:
 - Study plants, animals, and geography.
 - Establish trade with Indian tribes, and sovereignty over them.

Alexander Mackenzie



- Scottish explorer.
- First to cross the continent (north of Mexico) in Canada, 1792-1793 (12 years before the Lewis & Clark expedition).
- Lewis & Clark had copies of his maps.







- May 14, 1804
- Left St. Louis, Missouri.
- Started with 31 men.





Sacagawea



- Lewis & Clark hired Charbonneau, mostly because Sacagawea spoke several tribal languages.
- She continued with them the rest of the expedition.

Sacagawea

- She acted as interpreter and diplomat.
- Her presence in the group signaled peaceful intent to many tribes.
- She was critical to many negotiations. They probably would not have succeeded without her.

York

- York was a slave of Clark's father.
- Clark and York were boyhood companions.
- When Clark's father died, Clark inherited York, and kept him as a slave.



York

- York participated fully as an equal expedition member.
- Never referred to as a slave in any journals.
- Nevertheless, York was a slave, had no choice to go or not, and was unpaid.

Sacagawea Reunited

- Once the expedition left the MO River, they met a Shoshone tribe.
- Shoshone chief was Sacagawea's brother. They had not seen each other since she was taken as a girl.
- He gave them horses to continue their journey across the mountains.



Nez Perce

- Expedition was exhausted and out of food after crossing the Rockies.
- Nez Perce gave them food, and directions on how to get to the Pacific by river.
- Helped them build boats. Kept horses until their return trip.





- ▶ Built Fort Clatsop.
- ▶ Near mouth of Columbia River, south side.





Indian Interactions

- Peaceful, with one exception.
- Established trade.
- Indians often helped the expedition succeed, giving directions, helping get food, trading horses, helping build boats.

Indian Peace Medals

- Given to tribal chiefs as a sign of peace and trade, but also to establish sovereignty.
- Described Jefferson as the "Great Father" of the U.S.
- Journals often described Indians as savages or children.

Accomplishments

- Created more than 140 maps.
- Made peaceful contact with more than 70 Indian tribes.
- Recorded more than 200 new plant and animal species, and collected samples.

Accomplishments

- Largely ended speculation of a Northwest Passage.
- Laid claim to Oregon Territory for the U.S. (beyond the Louisiana Purchase)